Model-Data Integration: ILAMB, IOMB, and the Soil Carbon Dynamics Working Group

Forrest M. Hoffman (ORNL) April 29, 2019



Office of Science





A community coordination activity created to:

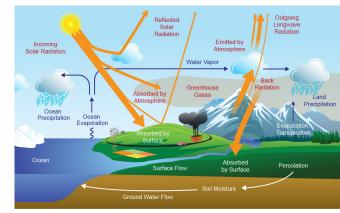
- **Develop internationally accepted benchmarks** for land model performance by drawing upon collaborative expertise
- **Promote the use of these benchmarks** for model intercomparison
- Strengthen linkages between experimental, remote sensing, and Earth system modeling communities in the design of new model tests and new measurement programs
- Support the design and development of open source benchmarking tools (Luo et al., 2012)



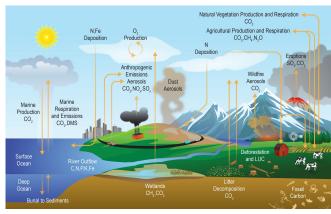








Energy and Water Cycles



Carbon and Biogeochemical Cycles









- A **benchmark** is a quantitative test of model function achieved through comparison of model results with observational data
- Acceptable performance on a benchmark is a **necessary but not sufficient condition** for a fully functioning model
- Functional benchmarks offer tests of model responses to forcings and yield insights into ecosystem processes
- Effective benchmarks must draw upon a broad set of independent observations to evaluate model performance at multiple scales









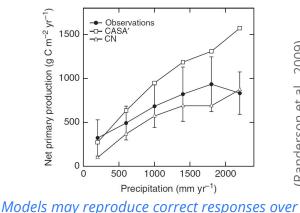






Interannual Variability of Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide Detrended CO2 mixing ratio (ppm -CASA' Sand Island, Midway, USA -6 9 10 11 12 Month

Models often fail to capture the amplitude of the seasonal cycle of atmospheric CO₂



2009) et al., (Randerson





- First ILAMB Workshop was held in Exeter, UK, on June 22–24, 2009
- Second ILAMB Workshop was held in Irvine, CA, USA, on January 24–26, 2011
 - ~45 researchers participated from the US, Canada, UK, Netherlands, France, Germany, Switzerland, China, Japan, and Australia
 - Developed methodology for model-data comparison and baseline standard for performance of land model process representations (Luo et al., 2012)





2016 International Land Model Benchmarking (ILAMB) Workshop May 16–18, 2016, Washington, DC

Third ILAMB Workshop was held May 16–18, 2016

- Workshop Goals
 - Design of new metrics for model benchmarking

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- Model Intercomparison Project (MIP) evaluation needs
- Model development, testbeds, and workflow processes
- Observational data sets and needed measurements
- Workshop Attendance
 - 60+ participants from Australia, Japan, China, Germany,
 Sweden, Netherlands, UK, and US (10 modeling centers)
 - ~25 remote attendees at any time







2016 International Land Model Benchmarking (ILAMB) Workshop Report









Development of ILAMB Packages

- ILAMBv1 released at 2015 AGU Fall Meeting Town Hall, doi:<u>10.18139/ILAMB.v001.00/1251597</u>
- ILAMBv2 released at 2016 ILAMB Workshop, doi:<u>10.18139/ILAMB.v002.00/1251621</u>
- Open Source software freely distributed
- Routinely used for E3SM and CESM evaluation during development
- Employed to evaluate CMIP5 models
- Models are scored based on statistical comparisons (bias, RMS error, phase, amplitude, spatial distribution, Taylor scores) and functional response metrics













0 0.25 0.5 0.75 1

Variable Score



-2

-1 +0 +1 +2

Variable Z-score

Biomass **Burned** Area **Gross Primary Productivity** Leaf Area Index Global Net Ecosystem Carbon Balance Net Ecosystem Exchange Ecosystem Respiration Soil Carbon Evapotranspiration Latent Heat Terrestrial Water Storage Anomaly Albedo Surface Upward SW Radiation Surface Net SW Radiation Surface Upward LW Radiation Surface Net LW Radiation Surface Net Radiation Sensible Heat Surface Air Temperature Precipitation Surface Downward SW Radiation Surface Downward LW Radiation M_CN M_SP M_WCYCL M40cn M45bgc_CRUNCEF

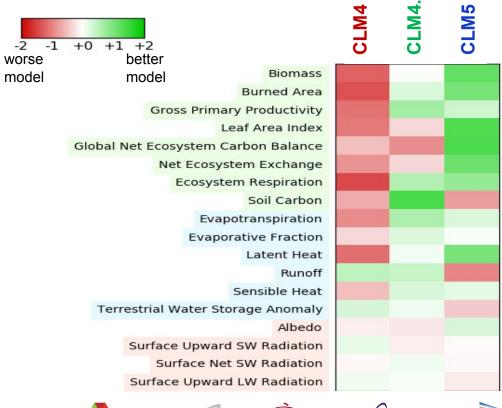
CLM40cn CLM45bg

ILAMBv2 Package Current Variables

- Biogeochemistry: Aboveground live biomass (Contiguous US, Pan Tropical Forest), Burned area (GFED3), CO₂ (NOAA GMD, Mauna Loa), Gross primary production (Fluxnet, MTE), Leaf area index (AVHRR, MODIS), Global net land flux (GCP, Khatiwala/Hoffman), Net ecosystem exchange (Fluxnet, GBA), Ecosystem Respiration (Fluxnet, GBA), Soil C (HWSD, NCSCDv2)
- **Hydrology:** Evapotranspiration (GLEAM, MODIS), Latent heat (Fluxnet, MTE), Soil moisture (ESA), Terrestrial water storage anomaly (GRACE)
- **Energy:** Albedo (CERES, GEWEX, MODIS), Surface up SW/LW radiation (CERES, GEWEX.SRB, WRMC.BSRN), Sensible heat (Fluxnet, GBA)
- Forcing: Surface air temperature (CRU, Fluxnet), Precipitation (Fluxnet, GPCC, GPCP2), Surface down SW/LW radiation (Fluxnet, CERES, GEWEX.SRB, WRMC.BSRN)



ILAMB Assessing Several Generations of CLM



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BERKELEY LAP

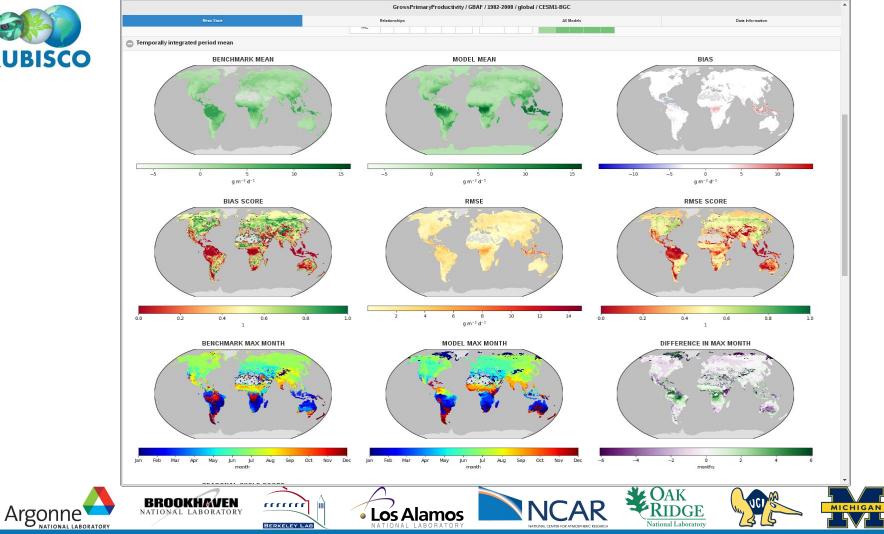
Los Alamos

- Improvements in mechanistic treatment of hydrology, ecology, and land use with many more moving parts
- Simulation improved even with enhanced complexity
- Observational datasets not always self-consistent
- Forcing uncertainty confounds assessment of model development (not shown)

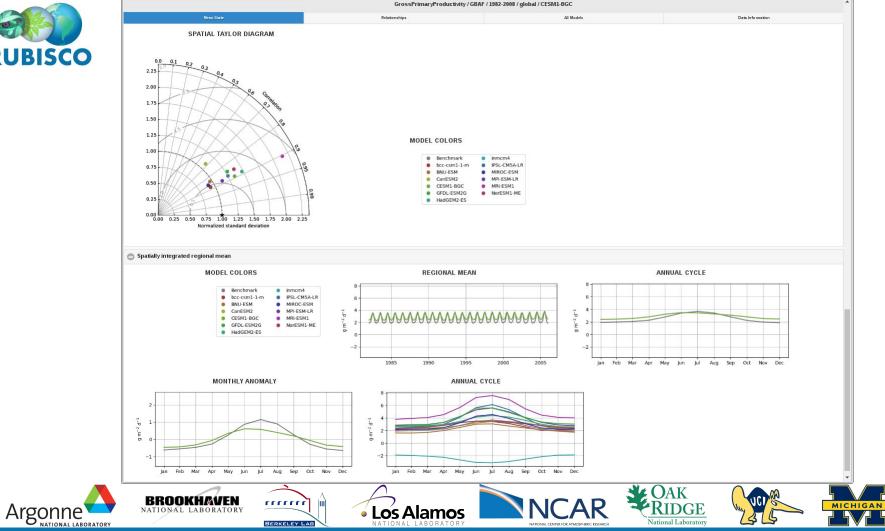
(Lawrence et al., in revision)





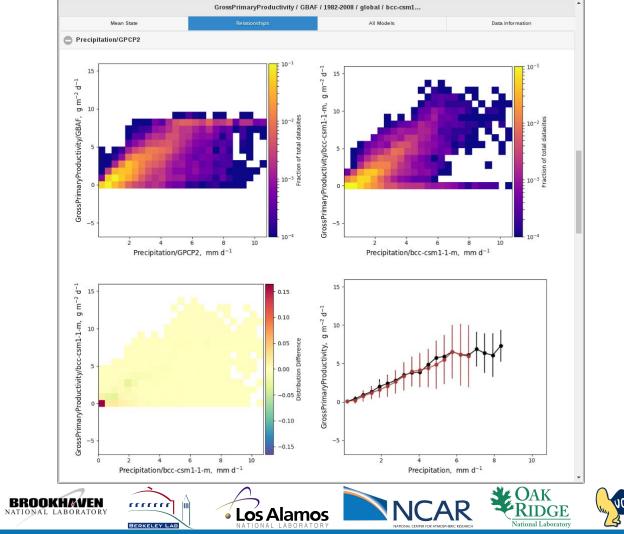








Argonne







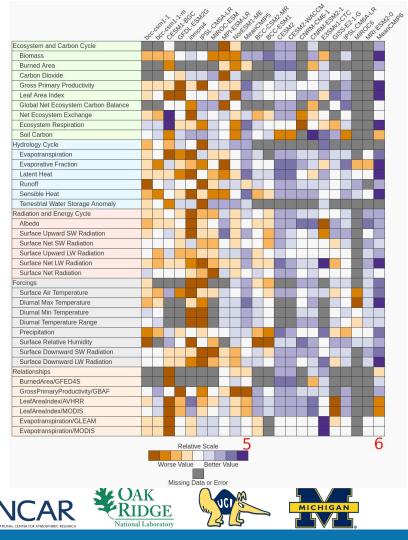
- The CMIP6 suite of land models (right) has improved over the CMIP5 suite of land models (left)
- The multi-model mean outperforms any single model for each suite of models
- The multi-model mean CMIP6 land model is the "best" model overall

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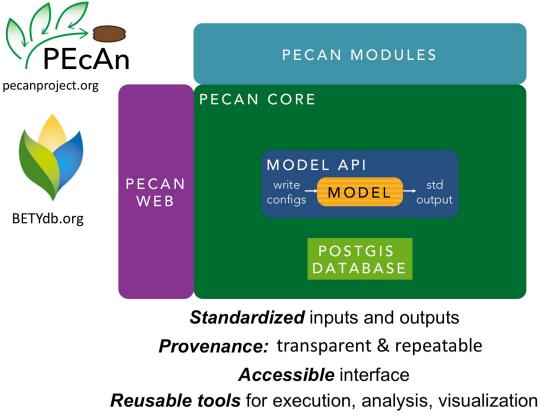
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(Hoffman et al., in prep)

Los Alamos



Predictive Ecosystem Analyzer (*PEcAn***)**



Los Alamos

CAK

RIDGE

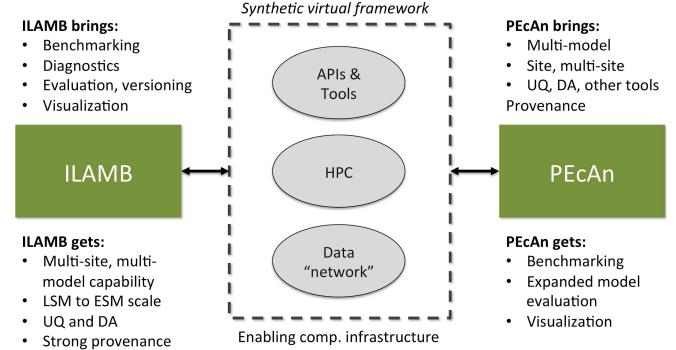


BROOKHAVEN

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BERKELEY LAB





Los Alamos

CAK

Ridge

National Laborator

VCI

3

MICHIGAN

See section E.4 in ILAMB report for more info

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BERKELEY LAB

BROOKHAVEN

NATIONAL LABORATORY



International Ocean Model Benchmarking (IOMB) Package **RUBISCO**

Chlorophyll

Nitrate

Phosphate

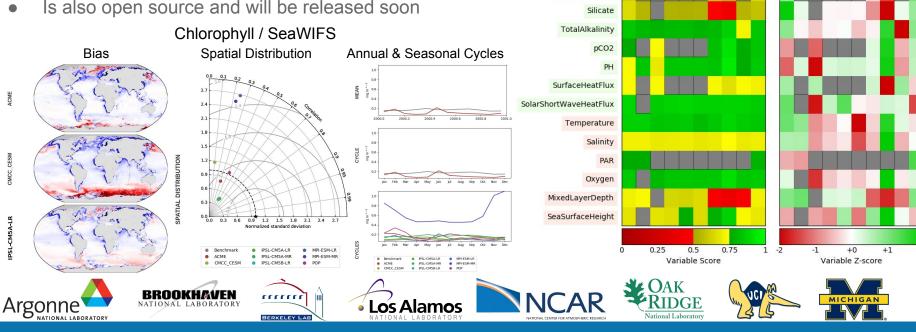
DimethylSulfide

DissolvedOrganicCarbon

ESM-MR

+2

- Evaluates ocean biogeochemistry results compared with observations (global, point, ship tracks)
- Scores model performance across a wide range of independent benchmark data
- Leverages ILAMB code base, also runs in parallel
- Built on python and open standards
- Is also open source and will be released soon



Future ILAMB/IOMB Development and Application

- ILAMBv1 and ILAMBv2 were applied to:
 - CMIP5 Historical and esmHistorical simulations
 - \circ $\,$ $\,$ Model verification during development of the ELM and CLM $\,$
- Within U.S. Department of Energy projects:
 - NGEE Arctic, NGEE Tropics, and SPRUCE contributing field data and metrics
 - E3SM using it to evaluate new land and ocean model features
- Ongoing model intercomparison projects: TRENDY, MsTMIP, and CMIP6
- Other groups are using and contributing to ILAMB:
 - NASA-funded Permafrost Benchmarking System
 - Community Surface Dynamics Modeling System (CSDMS) added into web modeling system
 - In-house model evaluation at various international modeling centers

Collier, Nathan, Forrest M. Hoffman, David M. Lawrence, Gretchen Keppel-Aleks, Charles D. Koven, William J. Riley, Mingquan Mu, and James T. Randerson (2018), The International Land Model Benchmarking (ILAMB) System: Design, Theory, and Implementation, *J. Adv. Model. Earth Syst.*, 10(11):2731–2754, doi:<u>10.1029/2018MS001354</u>.





For more information, come to the

Model Benchmarking and ILAMB Tutorial

(Listed as TES Breakout D: ILAMB Soil C Demonstration and

Tutorial on the Agenda)

Tuesday night at 7:00 p.m. – 8:30 p.m.

In Franklin Building 18/19















Soil Carbon Dynamics Working Group



- Formed after community recommendation from the 2016 International Land Model Benchmarking (ILAMB) Workshop Report
- Objective is to apply data and models to improve predictive understanding
- June and September conference calls led to meeting at ORNL in October



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BERKELEY LA





Synthesize existing data from collaborative networks, archives, and publications

Knowledge to Data

+ Perform simulations to test hypotheses and characterize model structural uncertainties

Predictive Understanding

Design functional relationship metrics to confront models and apply data-driven approaches to model formulation

Global Data Synthesis Theme

- Combine field observations from collaborative sampling networks and databases, including International Soil Carbon Network (ISCN) and published literature
- Quantify vertical distribution of SOM and responses to controlling mechanisms

Model-Data Integration Theme

- Develop consistent datasets for initializing, forcing, and benchmarking microbially explicit soil carbon models
- Characterize model structural uncertainty through software frameworks to understand controlling mechanisms

For more information, contact Forrest M. Hoffman <<u>forrest@climatemodeling.org</u>> or Umakant Mishra <<u>umishra@anl.gov</u>>











For more information, come to the

Soil Carbon Dynamics Working Group Discussion

(Listed as the ILAMB BGC Meeting on the Agenda)

Tonight at 6:30 p.m. – 7:30 p.m.

In Franklin Building 15/16

